International Journal of Computing and Artificial Intelligence

E-ISSN: 2707-658X P-ISSN: 2707-6571 www.computersciencejournals. com/ijcai IJCAI 2024; 5(1): 59-60 Received: 02-01-2024 Accepted: 07-02-2024

Jacob Welch OMS-1, Kentucky College of Osteopathic Medicine, Pikeville, USA

Humza Bashir OMS-1, Kentucky College of Osteopathic Medicine, Pikeville, USA

Elizabeth Leach OMS-1, Kentucky College of Osteopathic Medicine, Pikeville, USA

Megan Wells OMS-1, Kentucky College of Osteopathic Medicine, Pikeville, USA

Corresponding Author: Jacob Welch OMS-1, Kentucky College of Osteopathic Medicine, Pikeville, USA

Navigating the impact of artificial intelligence on humanistic medicine

Jacob Welch, Humza Bashir, Elizabeth Leach and Megan Wells

DOI: <u>https://doi.org/10.33545/27076571.2024.v5.i1a.85</u>

Abstract

The integration of artificial intelligence (AI) into human medicine has catalyzed a shift in healthcare, promising enhanced efficiency, precision, and accessibility. However, this technological evolution raises concerns regarding its impact on the humanistic facets of medicine. To address these concerns, a balanced approach advocating for human-AI collaboration is needed. By leveraging AI as a supportive tool while preserving the empathetic and communicative elements inherent to patient care, healthcare providers can optimize decision-making processes and foster meaningful patient interactions.

Keywords: Artificial intelligence", "Humanistic healthcare", "Patient-doctor relationship", "AI in medicine", "AI ethics

Introduction

Integrating artificial intelligence (AI) into human medicine has revolutionized healthcare, promising increased efficiency, accuracy, and accessibility. However, as the technological landscape evolves, concerns have emerged regarding the potential erosion of the humanistic component of healthcare. This opinion piece aims to explore the impact of AI on the humanistic aspects of medicine, drawing on published literature to provide a nuanced perspective while acknowledging alternative viewpoints.

Enhanced Efficiency and Precision

One undeniable benefit of AI in medicine is its ability to enhance diagnostic accuracy and treatment efficacy. Machine learning algorithms can analyze vast amounts of medical data, identifying patterns and anomalies that may elude human perception. Studies highlight AI's success in detecting diseases like cancer at early stages, significantly improving patient outcomes ^[1]. Integration of AI can alleviate the burden on healthcare professionals, allowing them to focus on more intricate aspects of patient care ^[2].

The Humanistic Touch

While the integration of artificial intelligence (AI) in healthcare holds immense innovation potential, there are concerns about its impact on patient-doctor relationships and the overall healthcare experience. Introducing AI, particularly in diagnostic and decision-making processes, can inadvertently devalue the traditional patient-doctor relationship, leading to less favorable healthcare outcomes.

One notable concern revolves around the risk of patients feeling marginalized or reduced to mere data points in the presence of AI-driven healthcare systems ^[3]. As AI algorithms analyze an ever-expansive compilation of patient data to make clinical decisions, the concern that patients will receive a diminished level of personalized care also becomes a possibility. Patients may feel alienated or distrustful if they perceive their healthcare decisions are primarily driven by algorithms rather than a genuine understanding of their unique circumstances ^[4]. As AI assumes a more central role in clinical decision-making, it could compromise the interpersonal aspects of healthcare, such as empathy, nuanced communication, and the ability to consider the patient's emotional state.

Balancing Act: Human-AI Collaboration

To address the potential concerns of patients, healthcare providers must advocate for a balanced approach that harnesses the strengths of AI while preserving the humanistic essence of medicine. Emphasis must be placed on utilizing a collaborative model where AI complements human expertise rather than replacing it. By integrating AI as a supportive tool, healthcare professionals can enhance their decision-making processes, improving patient care without compromising the human touch ^[2].

Proponents argue that utilizing AI can streamline routine tasks, allowing healthcare providers to devote more time to building meaningful relationships with their patients. Researchers found that patients appreciated technology integration when it enhanced communication and provided more opportunities for shared decision-making ^[3].

Time-consuming tasks, such as data analysis and administrative duties, can be delegated to AI, freeing human resources for personalized patient interactions. This shift in workload distribution enables healthcare professionals to spend more time empathizing and communicating with patients.

Another crucial consideration is designing and implementing AI systems with a patient-centric approach. Healthcare systems using AI technologies must focus on enhancing patient care and experience rather than merely cutting costs or increasing efficiency.

Ethical Considerations

Ethical considerations also play a pivotal role in maintaining the humanistic component of healthcare in the era of AI. Establishing clear guidelines and regulations to govern the use of AI in medicine is paramount to preventing its misuse and safeguarding patient well-being.

The potential for bias in AI algorithms poses a significant ethical challenge, particularly in healthcare. The potential risk of training AI systems on biased datasets could perpetuate and exacerbate existing disparities in healthcare delivery ^[5].

The vast amount of sensitive health data processed by AI systems raises concerns about patient privacy and data security ^[6]. Protecting patient confidentiality is a fundamental ethical principle in healthcare, and the integration of AI should not make compromises.

Integrating AI may introduce new challenges regarding informed consent and patient autonomy ^[6]. Patients have the right to be informed about how healthcare teams will use AI technologies for their care, and decisions made by AI should align with patient values and preferences.

Conclusion

In conclusion, integrating AI into human medicine offers unprecedented opportunities to enhance diagnostic accuracy, treatment efficacy, and healthcare efficiency. However, these advancements should maintain the humanistic component of healthcare. By embracing a collaborative model, prioritizing patient-centered AI implementation, and addressing ethical considerations, we can strike a balance that leverages the strengths of AI while preserving the invaluable human touch in medicine. As reflected in various published studies, the ongoing discourse on this topic underscores the importance of navigating the path to a harmonious coexistence of AI and humanistic healthcare.

References

- Cucchi M, Gruener C, Petrauskas L, Steiner P, Tseng H, Fischer A, *et al.* Reservoir computing with biocompatible organic electrochemical networks for brain-inspired biosignal classification. Sci. Adv 2021;7:0693. https://doi.org/10.1126/sciadv.abh0693.
- Reddy S, Fox J, Purohit MP. Artificial intelligenceenabled healthcare delivery. J R Soc Med 2019;112:22-28. https://doi.org/10.1177/0141076818815510.
- Richardson JP, Smith C, Curtis S, Watson S, Zhu X, Barry B, *et al.* Patient apprehensions about the use of artificial intelligence in healthcare. NPJ Digit Med 2021;4:140. https://doi.org/10.1038/s41746-021-00509-1.
- 4. Khullar D, Casalino LP, Qian Y, Lu Y, Krumholz HM, Aneja S. Perspectives of patients about artificial intelligence in health care. JAMA Network Open 2022;5:e2210309.

https://doi.org/10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2022.10309.

- Ntoutsi E, Fafalios P, Gadiraju U, Iosifidis V, Nejdl W, Vidal M, *et al.* Bias in data-driven artificial intelligence systems: An introductory survey. WIREs Data Min & Knowl 2020;10:e1356. https://doi.org/10.1002/widm.1356.
- Farhud DD, Zokaei S. Ethical issues of artificial intelligence in medicine and healthcare. Iran J Public Health 2021;50:01-05. https://doi.org/10.18502/ijph.v50i11.7600.